Aligning Assessment Practices with the New Curriculum

Supporting Secondary Teachers Curriculum Implementation Day: September 21, 2018 Maureen McRae-Stanger



Traditional Acknowledgement



Learning Targets

PARTICIPANTS WILL BE ABLE TO:

- Understand why the curriculum has shifted
- Understand the need to align our assessment practices
- Understand effective assessment practices
- Create authentic performance tasks



Why Change?

MOE Vision: Capable young people thriving in a rapidly changing world

We need an education system that:

- better engages students in their own learning
- fosters the skills and competencies they will need to succeed

Focus for this transformation:

- personalized learning
- quality teaching and learning
- flexibility and choice
- high standards

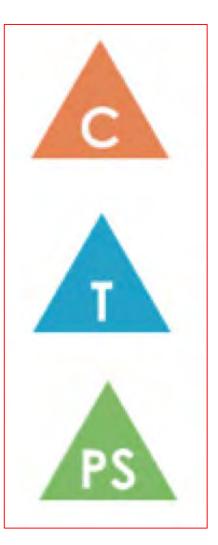


=Student Engagement



Work Force Expectations





Then and Now...



2-D: Knowledge and Skills

3-D: Understanding

Curriculum Shift: Knowledge Vs. Understanding





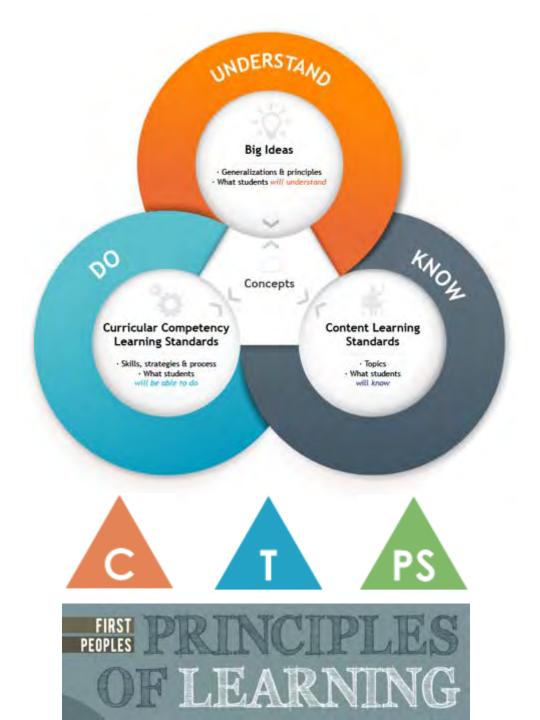
Knows

recalls
identifies
retells
states
regurgitates
"plugs-in"

Understands

applies connects creates critiques predicts questions solves explains interprets justifies teaches

Now...



Grade 12

Big Ideas



Area of Learning: ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS — English Studies

Ministry of Education

The exploration of text and story deepens our understanding of diverse, complex ideas about identity, others, and the world. People understand text differently depending on their worldviews and perspectives. Texts are socially, culturally, geographically, and historically constructed.

Language shapes ideas and influences others.

BIG IDEAS

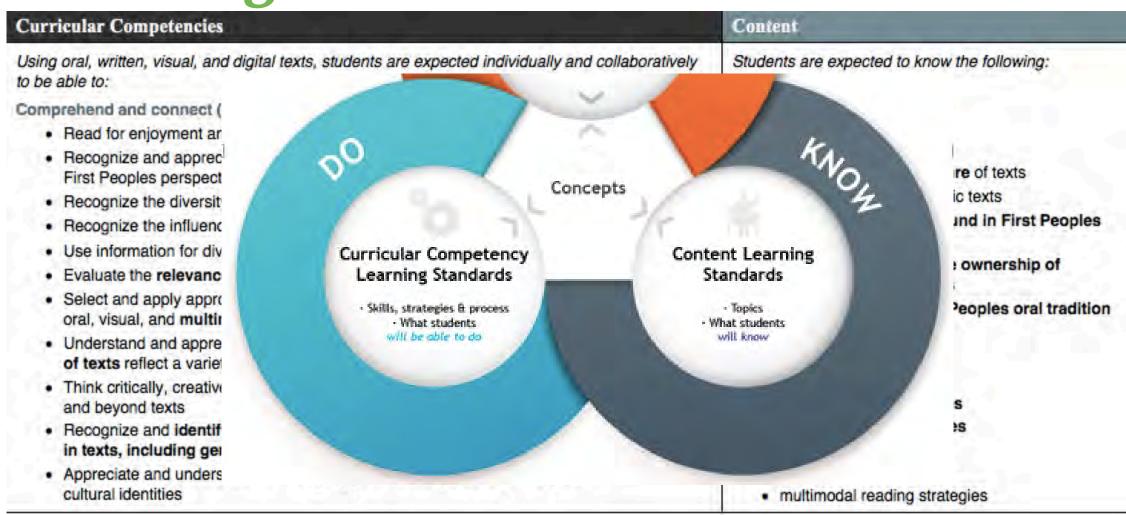
Questioning what we hear, read, and view contributes to our ability to be educated and engaged citizens. The examination of First
Peoples cultures and lived
experiences through text
builds understanding of
Canadians' responsibilities in
relation to Reconciliation.

Big Ideas

• Generalizations & principles
• What students will understand

- for all students
- concept based
- cross grade levels
- cross curricular areas
- deep and enduring

Learning Standards



Alignment



Shifting Our Practice...

How I Used to Assess

How I Assess Now





What changes have you already made to your assessment practices?

THINK, PAIR, SHARE



The Language of Assessment:







What is Assessment?

Evidence of student learning:

- formative & summative: as, of, for learning
- focuses on know, do, understand
- varied and frequent over time
- student involved-at centre of process
- teacher constantly reflecting/adjusting



Evaluation

- professional judgement of the assessment evidence; based on criteria and standards
- not an average of scores
- consideration of most consistent & recent performance level (cumulative)
- drives teacher planning



Communicating Student Learning

- communication of performance to student/parent
- frequent: informal and formal
 - phone calls
 - student led conferences
 - emails
 - report cards...
- performance language: meeting, exceeding etc...
- includes student's ability to know, do and understand
- includes plans for growth and improvement





Burning questions about assessment, evaluation and communicating student learning

TABLE TALK



Burning Issues:

- MARK DEDUCTIONS FOR LATENESS?
- TEST RE-WRITES?
- MULTIPLE WAYS TO COMPLETE ASSIGNMENTS?
- ATTENDANCE: DOES IT IMPACT ASSESSMENT?
- FEEDBACK: HOW MUCH? WHEN? HOW?
- PERCENTAGES AND LETTER GRADES: WHAT DO THEY ACTUALLY MEAN?
- REPORTING: WHAT IS WORKING, WHAT ISN'T?



Assessing Know, Do, and Understand

Know:

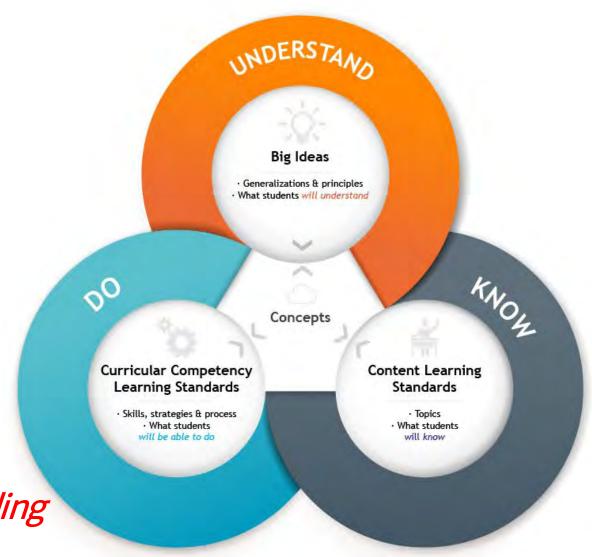
- content
- facts, information

Do:

- skills and processes
- "how to"

Understand:

- apply and transfer knowledge and skills to a new situation
- deep, enduring



Most difficult to assess=understanding

Shifting Traditional Assessment...

quizzes	projects
multiple choice tests	presentations
fill in the blanks	homework
short answer	unit tests/exams

Impact of Assessment Shifts

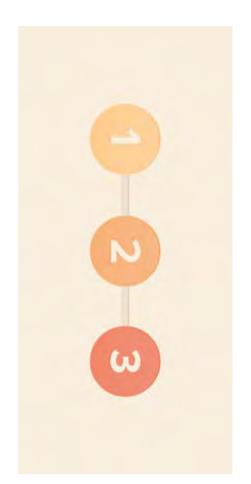
Students





Teachers

The Recipe for Quality Assessment: Understanding by Design



Stage 1: Desired Results (Big Ideas)

What do we want students to understand?

Stage 2: Evidence (Performance Tasks)

How will we know they understand? What will they do?

Stage 3: Learning Plan (Teaching Strategies) *How/what will we teach so they understand?*

Assessing for Understanding: Performance Tasks

Authentic tasks provide clear, worthy, and valid intellectual goals that help learners see a reason to make an effort and prepare for them.



UbD: Advanced Guide (McTighe and Wiggins, 2012)



A Framework: GRASPS

G	Goal
R	Role
A	Audience
S	Situation
Р	Product/Performance
S	Standards

Goal

The goal is the student's aim in the scenario: a task or challenge that is realistic.



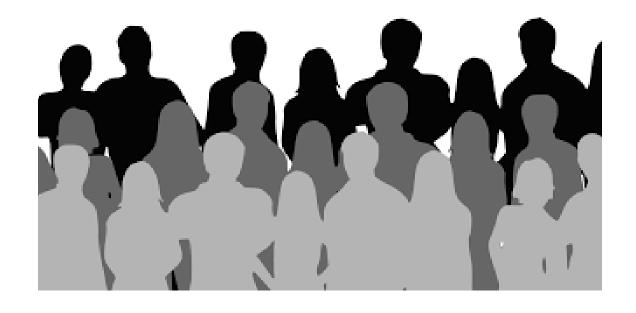
Role

What role or part is the student playing in this scenario?



Audience

Who must the student convince, inform, or entertain in this scenario?



Situation

A contextualized situation that involves a real-world application.



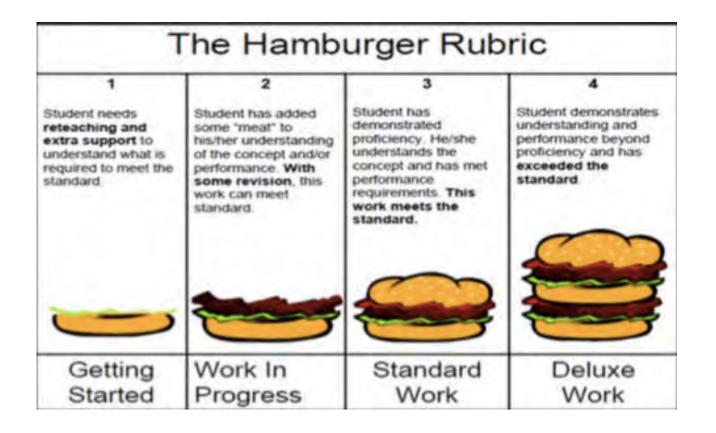
Product or Performance

What authentic product or performance with the student create?



Standards

The way by which your product/performance will be evaluated.



GRASPS Example

Goal	To educate cor multiculturalis	nmunity members about bm/diversity	peing respectful of
Role	Anthropologist	hired by the mayor	
Audience	People in a		
Situation	The commu	People from diverse cultures	rstand cultural differences.
Performance	You will coll You will crea highlights the similarities l	and societies share some common experiences and aspects of life.	tures in your community. nd plan a presentation that cuses on the many
Standards	Criteria/rubr presentation cultures		ture, persuasive w connections between the

Concept Attainment

WORK IN GROUPS

DEFINE G.R.A.S.P.S IN EACH EXAMPLE



GRASPS

Goal	
Role	
Audience	
Situation	
Product/Performance	
Standards	

Create your own performance task!

WORK IN SUBJECT GROUPS

TOOLS: BIG IDEA AND LEARNING STANDARDS

SHARE WITH ANOTHER GROUP



Performance Task Template	Course:	
Unit Topic/Theme/Concept:	Big Idea(s):	
Content:	Curricular Competencies:	
Core Competency Focus:	First Peoples Principles Focus:	
Goal		
Role		
Audience		
Situation		
Product/Performance		
Standards (attach rubric)		

Math 12 Pre-Calc: Assessment Map

Content: Functions and Relations Curricular Competency Categories:

- Reasoning and Modeling
- Understanding and Solving
- Communicating and Representing
- Connecting and Reflecting

Transformations of shapes extend to functions and relations in all of their representations.



Learning involves patience and time

Activities/Assessment/Evaluation:

- Learning Guide
- Lessons
- Making Thinking Visible: 5 vertical group questions daily, feedback
- Multiple choices quizzes, per lesson, online, many attempts to get to mastery
- Mid -Unit Test: questions divided into curricular competency categories, multiple chances
- Performance task: all facets of curricular competencies included, "Khan Academy"
- Final Exam: critical thinking competency: creation of formula sheet and selection of 5 key questions-solved: ticket to write final
- Test divided into curricular competency areas
- Evaluation: most recent and consistent summative tasks, professional judgement, based on criteria and performance standards, learning map/rubric

Moving Forward

WHAT DO YOU NEED? RESOURCES

NEXT STEPS FOR SUCCESS?

QUESTIONS?

